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#### The research justification for HIV prevention programming for lesbian and bisexual females

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\*Thank you for your interest in this presentation. Please note that analyses included herein are preliminary. More recent, finalized analyses may be available by contacting CiPHR for further information.



Decoding how technology influences and can improve public health



# Acknowledgements

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### Study motivation

HIV prevention programming that is tailored to lesbian (as well as bisexual) adolescents is practically **non-existent.** 

This may be because there we **assume** that lesbian females are at low risk for HIV and STIs...



Image from: http://www.afterellen.com/suga ro-rhe-states/01/2009/

### Study motivation

Data from regional studies suggest, however, that adolescent females who selfidentify as lesbian (or queer) are more likely to:

- Get pregnant,
- Engage in anal sex, and
- Engage in inconsistent condom use

compared to heterosexual adolescent females.

Snewyor EH. Baninger LH. Blum RW. Resnick MD. Sexual intercourse, abuse and pregnancy among adolescent women: does sexual orientation make a difference? <u>Fam Plann Perspect</u>, 1999 May-Jona 1(2):127-31. <u>Herrick AL, Plantew AK, Gardola R. Health rick behavior in an urban sample of young women who have sex with women. <u>Lestion Stud.</u> 2010;14(1):80-92. doi: 10.1080/10894160903060440. <u>Sterment 2E-Hally Sexuality</u> and safer sex: the issues for lesbians and bisexual women. <u>J Obster Gynecol Neonatal</u> <u>Nurz.</u> 2001 Jul-Aug.30(4):439-47.</u>

# Study motivation

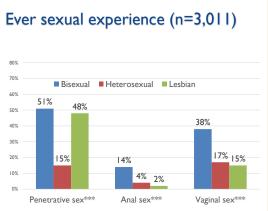
How these data translate to national samples (as local samples may not necessarily be representative of the larger population) is not well understood...

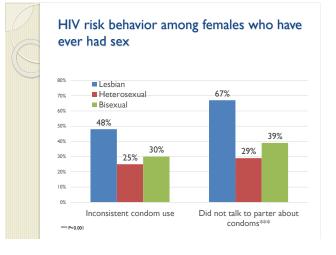


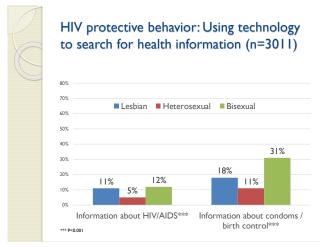
### Teen Health and Technology survey methodology

- A national survey of 5,542 13-18 year olds (3,011 of whom were female) was conducted in August 2010 January 2011
- Included an oversample of LGBT youth
- Data were conducted online.
- Data were weighted to approximate a representative national sample of U.S. adolescents.
- Measurements of sexual activity:
- Consensual vaginal sex was asked with the following question: "Have you ever, when you wanted to, had sex where a penis went into a vagina?"
- Receptive anal sex was queried:"Have you ever, when you wanted to, had sex where someone's penis went into your anus?" Penetrative sex was queried: Have you ever, when you wanted to, had sex with another person that involved a finger or sex toy?"









#### Limitations

- As with all self-report measures, some youth respondents may not have accurately disclosed sensitive topics.
- The representativeness of the sample is based upon the weighting. Findings should be replicated.
- Sexual identity is fluid in adolescence. It is possible that lifetime rates of sexual activity include some youth who first self-identified as and engaged in sexual behavior consistent with a heterosexual identity; and subsequently identified as lesbian.

## Conclusions

- The current findings add to the negligible literature documenting HIV risk and protective behavior among lesbian and bisexual females.
- More needs to be done to ensure that lesbian and bisexual youth have the specific, necessary information they need to make healthy sexual choices.
- Given their use of the Internet to access sexual health information, technology-based HIV prevention programs (i.e., those delivered online, via text messaging, or a combination of the two) seem likely feasible and acceptable to deliver healthy sexual education to lesbian and bisexual females.